## CORRECT Canadian Organization for Rare Disorders

28 June 2025

The Honourable Josie Osborne Minister of Health Ministry of Health British Colombia PO Box 9050, Stn Prov Govt Victoria BC V8W 9E2 Phone: 250-953-3547

E-mail: HLTH.Minister@gov.bc.ca

Re: Reconsideration of Discontinuance of Brineura for CLN2 patient

Dear Minister Osborne,

The Canadian Organization for Rare Disorders is the national alliance of rare disease patient organizations and individuals across Canada. We are writing to request a reconsideration of British Colombia's decision to discontinue reimbursement of Brineura (cerliponase alfa) for BC patient 9-year-old Charleigh Pollack.

We appreciate that you have personally intervened a couple of times to extend access after the original drug termination decision was announced in February 2025, pending additional review. This included request to Canada's Drug Agency to conduct a comprehensive review of new evidence to determine whether to change the discontinuation criteria, set at the same time as the access criteria in 2019 based on the clinical trial protocols. The specific question the CDA was asked to address was whether there was evidence that the discontinuation criteria should be changed. This, of course, was not the appropriate question to ask to determine whether Charleigh should remain on therapy.

There was very little likelihood of finding robust real-world that would validate, or not, performance on motor-language scores as thresholds for discontinuance. This is a very small patient population lacking natural history data. It was not surprising to find there were no prospective longitudinal post-market studies and similarly a lack of research to validate linkage between the clinical trial measures of motor-language scores and patient relevant outcomes.

The CDA report released in June 2025 found only three primary studies (two observational with historical controls, one single-arm extension study) and two evidence-based clinical practice guidelines that met the high standards for methodological rigor and relevance.

The CDA collected feedback from treating physicians and families, who reported benefits of improved seizure control, alertness, and quality of life, patient-relevant outcomes that were not measured in the original clinical trials. These outcomes did not factor into the analysis and conclusion of the sole research who had been commissioned to conduct, not a comprehensive review, but a rapid review. Seemingly, no other researchers or stakeholders were involved in the search, the analysis, and the writing of the conclusion. The conclusion of insufficient evidence to change the discontinuation criteria was inevitable. However, an equally valid conclusion, if a different question were asked, is that there is insufficient evidence to justify exercising the discontinuation criteria and taking Charleigh off therapy. Based on the information gathered, there is also insufficient evidence to conclude that Charleigh would not continue to benefit in terms of other outcome measures by staying on

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therapy. It is also true that there is insufficient evidence to conclude that Charleigh, or any other child with similar motor-language scores, would not suffer serious adverse effects, including resumption of seizures and withdrawal, if Brineura were discontinued.

In 2019, CADTH proposed "trial-based stopping rules" for public reimbursement discontinuation, acknowledging that these were pragmatic rather than validated. Post-approval monitoring was recommended to collect real-world data to confirm and validate these clinical-trial measures. However, there was no systematic plan to collect and analyze real-world data, including patient outcomes.

In their 2025 review of updated real-world evidence, CDA confirmed:

- There is insufficient evidence to determine whether Brineura remains effective for patients with severe functional loss.
- There are no comparative studies that have tested the effect of continued vs. discontinued therapy after reaching a low motor-language score.
- The reported real-world outcomes (e.g., seizure control, alertness, quality of life) were not captured by the original motor-language scoring.

The Canadian Organization for Rare Disorders posits that taking Charleigh off therapy at this time, based on the CDA Review, is unjustified, unconscionable, and a violation of her human rights.

We respectfully request your leadership to direct an appropriate review body, including healthcare professionals and patient representatives, to convene a case-level reconsideration and provide temporary continuation of therapy while this is conducted.

Thank you in advance for your support in this urgent matter. I look forward to your response. We all want what is truly best for the child.

Sincerely,

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cc: Jori Fales